



Figure 4. Mammalian DNA methyltransferases. The catalytic domains of Dnmt1, Dnmt2, and the Dnmt3 family members are conserved (the signature motifs, I, IV, VI, IX, and X, are most conserved in all cytosine methyltransferases), but there is little similarity among their amino-terminal regulatory domains. Domain abbreviations: PCNA, PCNA-interacting domain; NLS, nuclear localization signal; RFT, replication foci-targeting domain; CXXC, a cysteine-rich domain implicated in binding DNA sequences containing CpG dinucleotides; BAH, bromo-adjacent homology domain implicated in protein–protein interactions; PWWP, a domain containing a highly conserved “proline-tryptophan-tryptophan-proline” motif involved in heterochromatin association; ATRX, an ATRX-related cysteine-rich region containing a C2-C2 zinc finger and an atypical PHD domain implicated in protein–protein interactions.