

Figure 1. Cytosine methylation in DNA. (*A*) Addition of a methyl group, CH₃ (red), at the five position of the cytosine pyrimidine ring (black arrow) does not sterically interfere with GC base pairing (blue lines). DNA methyltransferases associate covalently with the carbon 6 position (straight green arrow) during methyl group transfer. (*B*) A model of B-form DNA methylated at cytosines in two self-complementary CpG sequences. The paired methyl moieties (magenta and yellow) lie in the major groove of the double helix.

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